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# **alchemtest Documentation**

*Release 0.3.0+2.g75cb179*

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**alchemtest** is a collection of test datasets for alchemical free energy calculations. The datasets come from a variety of software packages, primarily molecular dynamics engines, and are used as the test set for [alchemlyb](#). The package is standalone, however, and can be used for any purpose.

Datasets are released under an [open license](#) that conforms to the [Open Definition 2.1](#) that allows free use, re-use, redistribution, modification, separation, for any purpose and without a charge. All data and code can be found in the public GitHub repository [alchemistry/alchemtest](#).

This library is **under active development**. We use [semantic versioning](#) to indicate clearly what kind of changes you may expect between releases. Although it is heavily used for the [alchemlyb](#) test suite it may contain bugs. Please raise any issues or questions in the [Issue Tracker](#). [Contributions of data sets](#) and code in the form of pull requests are very welcome.



## INSTALLING ALCHEMTEST

**alchemtest** is pure-Python, so it can be installed easily via `pip`:

```
pip install alchemtest
```

If you wish to install this in your user `site-packages`, use the `--user` flag:

```
pip install --user alchemtest
```

### 1.1 Installing from source

from source. Clone the source from GitHub with:

```
git clone https://github.com/alchemistry/alchemtest.git
```

then do:

```
cd alchemtest  
pip install .
```

If you wish to install this in your user `site-packages`, use the `--user` flag:

```
pip install --user .
```



## BASIC USAGE

All datasets in `alchemtest` are accessible via `load_*` functions, organized in submodules by the software package that generated them. The current set of submodules are:

<code>gmx</code>	Gromacs molecular dynamics simulation datasets.
<code>amber</code>	Amber molecular dynamics simulation datasets.
<code>namd</code>	NAMD molecular dynamics simulation datasets.

As an example, we can access the *Gromacs: Benzene in water* dataset with:

```
>>> from alchemtest.gmx import load_benzene
>>> bz = load_benzene()
```

and use the resulting *Bunch* object to introspect what this dataset includes. In particular, it features a `DESCR` attribute with a human-readable description of the dataset:

```
>>> print(bz.DESCR)
Gromacs: Benzene in water
=====

Benzene in water, alchemically turned into benzene in vacuum separated from water

Notes
-----
Data Set Characteristics:
  :Number of Legs: 2 (Coulomb, VDW)
  :Number of Windows: 5 for Coulomb, 16 for VDW
  :Length of Windows: 40ns

  :Missing Values: None
  :Creator: \I. Kenney
  :Donor: Ian Kenney (ian.kenney@asu.edu)
  :Date: March 2017
  :License: `CC0
           <https://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>`_
           Public Domain Dedication

This dataset was generated using `MDPOW <https://github.com/Becksteinlab/MDPOW>`_,
↪with
the `Gromacs <http://www.gromacs.org/>`_ molecular dynamics engine.
```

as well as the dataset itself:

```
>>> bz.data.keys()
['VDW', 'Coulomb']
```

which consists in this case of two alchemical legs, each having several files. For this dataset each file happens to correspond to a simulation sampling a particular  $\lambda$ :

```
>>> bz.data['Coulomb']
['/usr/local/python3.6/site-packages/alchemtest/gmx/benzene/Coulomb/0000/dhd1.xvg.bz2
↪ ',
 '/usr/local/python3.6/site-packages/alchemtest/gmx/benzene/Coulomb/0250/dhd1.xvg.bz2
↪ ',
 '/usr/local/python3.6/site-packages/alchemtest/gmx/benzene/Coulomb/0500/dhd1.xvg.bz2
↪ ',
 '/usr/local/python3.6/site-packages/alchemtest/gmx/benzene/Coulomb/0750/dhd1.xvg.bz2
↪ ',
 '/usr/local/python3.6/site-packages/alchemtest/gmx/benzene/Coulomb/1000/dhd1.xvg.bz2
↪ ']
```

These paths can be read by any appropriate parser for further analysis. For this particular dataset, see [alchemlyb.parsing.gmx](#) for a good set of parsers.

## HELPER FUNCTIONS AND CLASSES

A small number of functions and classes are included to help organize the data.

**class** `alchemtest.Bunch(**kwargs)`

Container object for datasets

Dictionary-like object that exposes its keys as attributes.

```
>>> b = Bunch(a=1, b=2)
>>> b['b']
2
>>> b.b
2
>>> b.a = 3
>>> b['a']
3
>>> b.c = 6
>>> b['c']
6
```

Code taken from `sklearn/utils/__init__.py` version 0.19.1 under the 'New BSD license' <https://github.com/scikit-learn/scikit-learn/blob/master/COPYING>



## GROMACS DATASETS

Gromacs molecular dynamics simulation datasets.

The `alchemyb.gmx` module features datasets generated using the `Gromacs` molecular dynamics engine. They can be accessed using the following accessor functions:

<code>load_benzene()</code>	Load the Gromacs benzene dataset.
<code>load_expanded_ensemble_case_1()</code>	Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 expanded ensemble dataset, case 1 (single simulation visits all states).
<code>load_expanded_ensemble_case_2()</code>	Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 expanded ensemble dataset, case 2 (two simulations visit all states independently).
<code>load_expanded_ensemble_case_3()</code>	Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 REX dataset, case 3.
<code>load_water_particle_with_total_energy()</code>	Load the Gromacs water particle with total energy dataset.
<code>load_water_particle_with_potential_energy()</code>	Load the Gromacs water particle with potential energy dataset.
<code>load_water_particle_without_energy()</code>	Load the Gromacs water particle without energy dataset.

### 4.1 Simple TI and FEP

The data sets contain derivatives of the Hamiltonian (TI) and free energy perturbation (FEP) data suitable for processing with FEP estimators as well as BAR/MBAR. Individual  $\lambda$  windows were run independently.

### 4.1.1 Gromacs: Benzene in water

Benzene in water, alchemically turned into benzene in vacuum separated from water

#### Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)  
**Number of Windows** 5 for Coulomb, 16 for VDW  
**Length of Windows** 40ns  
**System Size** 1668 atoms  
**Temperature** 300 K  
**Pressure** 1 bar  
**Alchemical Pathway** vdw + coul -> vdw -> vacuum  
**Experimental Hydration Free Energy** -0.90 +- 0.2 kcal/mol  
**Missing Values** None  
**Energy unit** kJ/mol  
**Time unit** ps  
**Creator** I. Kenney  
**Donor** Ian Kenney (ian.kenney@asu.edu)  
**Date** March 2017  
**License** CC0 Public Domain Dedication

This dataset was generated using MDPOW, with the Gromacs molecular dynamics engine.

Experimental value sourced from [Mobley2013].

```
alchemtest.gmx.load_benzene()
```

Load the Gromacs benzene dataset.

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 4.2 Extended ensemble

Data for *extended ensemble* simulations; case 1 and case 2 are extended ensembles in the alchemical parameters, case 3 includes replica exchange (REX).

### 4.2.1 Gromacs: Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water

Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water, Guest C3 alchemically turned into Guest C3 in vacuum separated from water and Host CB7. This unpublished data uses Host CB7 and Guest C3 from [Muddana2014a]. Similar published data can be found in [Monroe2014a].

#### Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)  
**Number of Windows** 32 total, 20 for Coulomb, 12 for VDW  
**Number of Simulations** 1  
**Length of Simulation** 100ns  
**System Size** 8286 atoms  
**Temperature** 300 K  
**Alchemical Pathway** vdw + coul -> vdw -> vacuum  
**Missing Values** None  
**Energy unit** kJ/mol  
**Time unit** ps  
**Creator** T. Jensen  
**Donor** Travis Jensen (travis.jensen@colorado.edu)  
**Date** November 2017  
**License** CC0 Public Domain Dedication

This dataset was generated using the expanded ensemble algorithm in the [Gromacs](#) molecular dynamics engine.

```
alchemtest.gmx.load_expanded_ensemble_case_1()
```

Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 expanded ensemble dataset, case 1 (single simulation visits all states).

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data': the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 4.2.2 Gromacs: Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water

Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water, Guest C3 alchemically turned into Guest C3 in vacuum separated from water and Host CB7. This unpublished data uses Host CB7 and Guest C3 from [Muddana2014b]. Similar published data can be found in [Monroe2014b].

### Notes

#### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)  
**Number of Windows** 32 total, 20 for Coulomb, 12 for VDW  
**Number of Simulations** 2  
**Length of Simulation** 50ns  
**System Size** 8286 atoms  
**Temperature** 300 K  
**Alchemical Pathway** vdw + coul -> vdw -> vacuum  
**Missing Values** None  
**Energy unit** kJ/mol  
**Time unit** ps  
**Creator** T. Jensen  
**Donor** Travis Jensen (travis.jensen@colorado.edu)  
**Date** November 2017  
**License** CC0 Public Domain Dedication

This dataset was generated using the expanded ensemble algorithm in the [Gromacs](#) molecular dynamics engine.

```
alchemtest.gmx.load_expanded_ensemble_case_2()
```

Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 expanded ensemble dataset, case 2 (two simulations visit all states independently).

#### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data': the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

### 4.2.3 Gromacs: Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water

Host CB7 and Guest C3 in water, Guest C3 alchemically turned into Guest C3 in vacuum separated from water and Host CB7. This unpublished data uses Host CB7 and Guest C3 from [Muddana2014c].

#### Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)

**Number of Windows** 32 total, 20 for Coulomb, 12 for VDW

**Number of Simulations** 32

**Length of Simulation** 5ns

**System Size** 8286 atoms

**Temperature** 300 K

**Alchemical Pathway** vdw + coul -> vdw -> vacuum

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kJ/mol

**Time unit** ps

**Creator** T. Jensen

**Donor** Travis Jensen (travis.jensen@colorado.edu)

**Date** November 2017

**License** CC0 Public Domain Dedication

This dataset was generated using the REX algorithm in the [Gromacs](#) molecular dynamics engine.

```
alchemtest.gmx.load_expanded_ensemble_case_3()
```

Load the Gromacs Host CB7 Guest C3 REX dataset, case 3.

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 4.3 Water particle TI and FEP

3 simple dH/dl and U<sub>nk</sub> datasets of a single water particle from a simulations of water between to hydrophilic surfaces. One dataset contains a total energy column, one contains a potential energy column and one does not contain a energy column.

### 4.3.1 Gromacs: water particle

Free energy estimation of a water particle between to hydrophilic surfaces

#### Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)  
**Number of Windows** 17 for Coulomb, 20 for VDW  
**Length of Windows** 10ns  
**System Size** 3312 atoms  
**Temperature** 300 K  
**Ensemble** NVT  
**Volume** 70.204 nm<sup>3</sup>  
**Alchemical Pathway** vacuum → vdw → vdw + coul  
**Missing Values** None  
**Creator** D. Wille  
**Donor** Dominik Wille ([harlor@web.de](mailto:harlor@web.de))  
**Date** November 2018  
**License** CC0 Public Domain Dedication

Similar free energy estimations can be found in:

`alchemtest.gmx.load_water_particle_with_total_energy()`  
Load the Gromacs water particle with total energy dataset.

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data': the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

##### Return type *Bunch*

`alchemtest.gmx.load_water_particle_with_potential_energy()`  
Load the Gromacs water particle with potential energy dataset.

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data': the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

##### Return type *Bunch*

`alchemtest.gmx.load_water_particle_without_energy()`  
Load the Gromacs water particle without energy dataset.

##### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*



## AMBER DATASETS

Amber molecular dynamics simulation datasets.

The `alchemyb.amber` module features datasets generated using the [Amber](#) molecular dynamics engine. They can be accessed using the following accessor functions:

<code>load_bace_improper()</code>	Load Amber Bace improper solvated vdw example :returns: <b>data</b> – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:
<code>load_bace_example()</code>	Load Amber Bace example perturbation.
<code>load_simplesolvated()</code>	Load the Amber solvated dataset.
<code>load_invalidfiles()</code>	Load the invalid files.

### 5.1 Amber: Small molecule thermodynamic integration free energy difference in water

Improper Bace solvated small molecule perturbation, alchemical vdw perturbation of ligand 1 into ligand 2. This example uses ligands CAT-13a to CAT-13m from [Wang2015].

#### 5.1.1 Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 1 (vdw)

**Number of Windows** 12

**Length of Windows** 1ns

**System Size** 3920 atoms

**Temperature** 300 K

**Pressure** 1 bar

**Alchemical Pathway** vdw in ligand 1 -> vdw in ligand 2, softcore is used in vdw

**Experimental Free Energy difference** N/A

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kcal/mol

**Time unit** ps

**Date** Jan 2018

**Donor** Silicon Therapeutics

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This dataset was generated using the [Amber](#) molecular dynamics engine.

`alchemtest.amber.load_bace_improper()`

Load Amber Bace improper solvated vdw example :returns: **data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- ‘data’ : the data files for improper solvated vdw alchemical leg

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 5.2 Amber: Small molecule thermodynamic integration free energy difference in water

Bace complex and solvated small molecule perturbation, alchemical perturbation of ligand 1 into ligand 2. This example uses ligands CAT-13d to CAT-17a from [Wang2015].

### 5.2.1 Notes

#### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 3 (decharge, vdw, recharge)

**Number of Windows** 5 for decharge, 12 for vdw, 5 for recharge

**Length of Windows** 1ns

**System Size** 46594 atoms (complex), 4115 atoms (solvated)

**Temperature** 300 K

**Pressure** 1 bar

**Alchemical Pathway** (decharge + vdw + recharge) in ligand 1 → (decharge + vdw + recharge) in ligand 2, decharge, vdw, and recharge are running in parallel, soft core is used in vdw

**Experimental Free Energy difference** -0.26 kcal/mol

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kcal/mol

**Time unit** ps

**Date** Jan 2018

**Donor** Silicon Therapeutics

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This dataset was generated using the [Amber](#) molecular dynamics engine.

`alchemtest.amber.load_bace_example()`

Load Amber Bace example perturbation. :returns: **data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- ‘data’ : the data files by system and alchemical leg

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 5.3 Amber: Small molecule thermodynamic integration free energy difference in water

Small molecule perturbation in water, alchemically turned ligand 1 into ligand 2 in water. This example uses ligands 17124-1 to 18637-1 from [Wang2015].

### 5.3.1 Notes

#### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (charge, vdw)

**Number of Windows** 5 for charge, 12 for vdw

**Length of Windows** 1ns

**System Size** 5979 atoms

**Temperature** 300 K

**Pressure** 1 bar

**Alchemical Pathway** (charge + vdw) in ligand 1 → (charge + vdw) in ligand 2, charge and vdw are running in parallel, soft core is used in vdw

**Experimental Free Energy difference** N/A

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kcal/mol

**Time unit** ps

**Date** Oct 2017

**Donor** Silicon Therapeutics

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This dataset was generated using the [Amber](#) molecular dynamics engine.

```
alchemtest.amber.load_simplestated()
```

Load the Amber solvated dataset.

#### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## 5.4 Amber TI invalid output files

Examples for file validation testing.

### 5.4.1 Notes

- `invalid-case-1.out.bz2`: file contains no useful data
- `invalid-case-2.out.bz2`: file contains no control data
- `invalid-case-3.out.bz2`: file with Non-constant temperature
- `invalid-case-4.out.bz2`: file with no free energy section
- `invalid-case-5.out.bz2`: file with no ATOMIC section
- `invalid-case-6.out.bz2`: file with no RESULTS section

```
alchemtest.amber.load_invalidfiles()
```

Load the invalid files.

#### Returns

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- `'data'` : the example of invalid data files
- `'DESCR'`: the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## NAMD DATASETS

NAMD molecular dynamics simulation datasets.

The `alchemlyb.namd` module features datasets generated using the [NAMD](#) molecular dynamics engine. They can be accessed using the following accessor functions:

---

```
load_tyr2ala()
```

---

Load the NAMD tyrosine to alanine mutation dataset.

### 6.1 NAMD: free energy of tyrosine to alanine mutation in aqueous solution

Free energy change from mutating a tyrosine (Y) residue into alanine (A) in the Ala-Tyr-Ala tripeptide in aqueous environment.

#### 6.1.1 Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (forward Y→A, backward A→Y)

**Number of Windows** 20 for each leg

**Length of Windows** 1000 ps (each window interspersed with 200 ps equilibration)

**System Size** 1521 atoms

**Temperature** 300 K

**Pressure** 1 bar

**Alchemical Pathway** Point mutation of Tyr to Ala using dual topology hybrid molecule. Non-bonded interactions of perturbed atoms are scaled with their environment.

**Experimental Free Energy difference** N/A

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kcal/mol

**Time unit** step

**Date** Oct 2017

**Donor** JC Gumbart

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This dataset was generated using the [NAMD](#) molecular dynamics engine.

```
alchemtest.namd.load_tyr2ala()
```

Load the NAMD tyrosine to alanine mutation dataset.

**Returns**

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

## GOMC DATASETS

GOMC Monte Carlo simulation datasets.

The `alchemylib.gomc` module features datasets generated using the GPU Optimized Monte Carlo (GOMC) simulation engine. They can be accessed using the following accessor functions:

---

`load_benzene()`

Load the GOMC benzene dataset.

---

### 7.1 Simple TI and FEP

The data sets contain derivatives of the Hamiltonian (TI) and free energy perturbation (FEP) data suitable for processing with FEP estimators as well as BAR/MBAR. Individual  $\lambda$  windows were run independently.

#### 7.1.1 GOMC: Benzene in water

Hydration free energy of benzene using TraPPE-EH model and SPC water model.

#### Notes

##### Data Set Characteristics:

**Number of Legs** 2 (Coulomb, VDW)

**Number of Windows** 7 for Coulomb, 15 for VDW

**Length of Windows** 50 million Monte Carlo steps

**System Size** 1001 molecules

**Temperature** 298 K

**Pressure** 1 bar

**Alchemical Pathway** vacuum  $\rightarrow$  vdw  $\rightarrow$  vdw + coul

**Experimental Hydration Free Energy** -0.90  $\pm$  0.2 kcal/mol

**Missing Values** None

**Energy unit** kJ/mol

**Time unit** Monte Carlo steps

**Creator** M. Soroush Barhaghi

**Donor** Mohammad Soroush Barhaghi (m.soroush@wayne.edu)

**Date** July 2019

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This dataset was generated using [GOMC](#) Monte Carlo simulation engine.

Experimental value sourced from [[Mobley2013](#)].

```
alchemtest.gomc.load_benzene()
```

Load the GOMC benzene dataset.

**Returns**

**data** – Dictionary-like object, the interesting attributes are:

- 'data' : the data files by alchemical leg
- 'DESCR': the full description of the dataset

**Return type** *Bunch*

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- [Muddana2014b] H. Muddana, A. Fenley, D. Mobley, and M. Gilson. The SAMPL4 host–guest blind prediction challenge: an overview. *Journal of Computer-Aided Molecular Design*, 28(4):305–317, 2014. PMID: 24599514. DOI: [10.1007/s10822-014-9735-1](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10822-014-9735-1).
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- [Schlaich2017] Alexander Schlaich, Julian Kappler, and Roland R. Netz. Hydration Friction in Nanoconfinement: From Bulk via Interfacial to Dry Friction. *Nano Lett.*, 2017, 17 (10), pp 5969–5976. DOI: [10.1021/acs.nanolett.7b02000](https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.nanolett.7b02000).
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